

American Government A: Principles of American Democracy

美国政府：美国民主秩序下的原理原则

1. What is the supreme law of the land?

- The Constitution

1. 美国最高层级法律为何?

- 宪法

2. What does the Constitution do?

- Sets up the government
- Defines the government
- Protects basic rights of Americans

2. 宪法效用为何?

- 成立美国政府
- 确立美国宪政体的正常运作
- 美国公民基本权利的保障与救济

3. The idea of self-government is in the first three words of the Constitution. What are these words?

- We the People

3. 地方自制源由宪法的前三个字。这三个字是什么?

- 我们是人民 (We the People)

4. What is an amendment?

- A change (to the Constitution)
- An addition (to the Constitution)

4. 什么是宪法修正案?

- 宪法的修正
- 宪法的增加

5. What do we call the first ten amendments to the Constitution?

- The Bill of Rights

5. 我们将宪法的前三项修正称为什么?

- 权利法案

6. What is one right or freedom from the First Amendment?*

- Speech
- Religion
- Assembly
- Press
- Petition the government

6. 第一修正案的一项权利或自由是什么*

- 言论
- 宗教
- 集会
- 发布消息
- 向政府请愿

7. How many amendments does the Constitution have?

- twenty-seven (27)

7. 宪法有多少条修订案?

- 二十七条 (27)

8. What did the Declaration of Independence do?

- Announced our independence (from Great Britain)
- Declared our independence (from Great Britain)
- Said that the United States is free (from Great Britain)

8. 「独立宣言」起过什么作用?

- 宣布独立 (脱离大英帝国)
- 声明独立 (脱离大英帝国)
- 阐明美国自由 (脱离大英帝国)

9. What are two rights in the Declaration of Independence?

- Life
- Liberty
- Pursuit of happiness

9. 「独立宣言」中的两项权利是什么?

- 生活
- 自由
- 追求幸福

10. What is freedom of religion?

- You can practice any religion, or not practice a religion.

10. 什么是宗教自由?

- 宗教自由规定保障信仰自由与不信仰自由

11. What is the economic system in the United States?*

- The capitalist economy
- Market economy

11. 美国的经济体制是什么*

- 资本主义经济
- 市场经济

12. What is the “rule of law”?

- Everyone must follow the law.
- Leaders must obey the law.
- The government must obey the law.
- No one is above the law.

12. 什么是「法治国家原则」？

- 每个人都必须遵循法律。
- 领导者必须守法。
- 政府必须守法。
- 没有人凌驾于法律之上。

B: System of Government

B: 政府制度

13. Name one branch or part of the government.*

- Congress
- Legislative
- President
- Executive
- The courts
- Judicial

13. 说出政府的一个部门或部分*

- 国会
- 立法
- 总统
- 行政
- 法院
- 司法

14. What stops one branch of government from becoming too powerful?

- Checks and balances
- The separation of powers

14. 怎样防止美国一个政府部门过于强大？

- 檢查和平衡
- 权利分立

15. Who is in charge of the executive branch?

- The President

15. 谁负责行政部门?

- 总统

16. Who makes federal laws?

- Congress
- Senate and House (of Representatives)
- (U.S. or national) legislature

16. 谁制定联邦法律?

- 检查和平衡
- 参议院和众议院 (代表)
- (美国或国家) 立法机构

17. What are the two parts of the U.S. Congress?*

- The Senate and House (of Representatives)

17. 美国国会的两个部分是什么*

- 参议院和众议院 (代表)

18. How many U.S. Senators are there?

- One hundred (100)

18. 有多少名美国参议员?

- 一百名 (100)

19. We elect a U.S. Senator for how many years?

- Six (6)

19. 我们选举美国参议员任期为多少年?

- 六年 (6)

20. Who is one of your state's U.S. Senators now?*

- Answers will vary. [District of Columbia residents and residents of U.S. territories should answer that D.C. (or the territory where the applicant lives) has no U.S. Senators.]

Visit [senate.gov](https://www.senate.gov) to find your state's U.S. Senators.

20. 您所在州现任的一个参议员是谁*

- 答案会有异。[美国哥伦比亚特区居民和美国辖区居民 (或申请人居住地) 应该回答华盛顿特区无参议员。]

21. The House of Representatives has how many voting members?

- Four hundred thirty-five (435)

21. 众议院有多少名投票成员?

- 四百三十五名 (435)

22. We elect a U.S. Representative for how many years?

- Two (2)

22. 我们选举美国代表任期为多少年?

- 两年 (2)

23. Name your U.S. Representative.

- Answers will vary. [Residents of territories with nonvoting Delegates or Resident Commissioners may provide the name of that Delegate or Commissioner. Also acceptable is any statement that the territory has no (voting) Representatives in Congress.]

Visit house.gov to find your U.S. Representative.

23. 说出您的美国代表名字。

- 答案会有异。[无表决权代表或驻地专员的领土居民可以提供该代表或专员的名字。驻地代表在国会中无表决权的表述也可接受。]

24. Who does a U.S. Senator represent?

- All people of the state

24. 美国参议员代表谁?

- 该州的所有人

25. Why do some states have more Representatives than other states?

- (Because of) the state's population
- (Because) they have more people
- (Because) some states have more people

25. 为什么有些州的代表比其他州多?

- (因为) 该州的人口
- (因为) 他们有更多人
- (因为) 一些州有更多人

26. We elect a President for how many years?

- Four (4)

26. 我们选举总统任期为多少年?

- 四年 (4)

27. In what month do we vote for President?*

- November

27. 我们在哪个月投票选举总统*

- 十一月

28. What is the name of the President of the United States now?*

- Visit uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates for the name of the President of the United States.

28. 美国现任总统名字*

- 浏览 uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates 搜索美国总统的姓名。

29. What is the name of the Vice President of the United States now?

- Visit uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates for the name of the Vice President of the United States.

29. 美国现任副总统名字?

- 浏览 uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates 搜索美国副总统的姓名。

30. If the President can no longer serve, who becomes President?

- The Vice President

30. 如果总统无法继续履任, 谁会成为总统?

- 副总统

31. If both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve, who becomes President?

- The Speaker of the House

31. 如果总统和副总统都无法继续履任, 谁会成为总统?

- 众议院议长

32. Who is the Commander in Chief of the military?

- The President

32. 谁是军队总司令?

- 总统

33. Who signs bills to become laws?

- The President

33. 谁签署议案将其变成法律?

- 总统

34. Who vetoes bills?

- The President

34. 谁否决法案?

- 总统

35. What does the President's Cabinet do?

- Advises the President

35. 总统内阁的职责是什么?

- 建议总统

36. What are two Cabinet-level positions?

- Secretary of Agriculture
- Secretary of Commerce
- Secretary of Defense
- Secretary of Education
- Secretary of Energy
- Secretary of Health and Human Services
- Secretary of Homeland Security
- Secretary of Housing and Urban Development
- Secretary of the Interior
- Secretary of Labor
- Secretary of State
- Secretary of Transportation
- Secretary of the Treasury
- Secretary of Veterans Affairs
- Attorney General
- Vice President

36. 两个内阁级职位是什么?

- 农业部长
- 商务部长
- 国防部长
- 教育部长
- 能源部长
- 卫生与公共事务部部长
- 国土安全部部长
- 住房和城市发展部部长
- 内政部长
- 劳工部长
- 国务卿
- 交通部长
- 财政部长
- 退伍军人事务部长
- 司法部长
- 副总统

37. What does the judicial branch do?

- Reviews laws
- Explain laws
- Resolves disputes (disagreements)
- Decides if a law goes against the Constitution

37. 司法部门的职责是什么？

- 审查法律
- 解释法律
- 解决争议（分歧）
- 决定法律是否违反宪法

38. What is the highest court in the United States?

- The Supreme Court

38. 美国的最高法院是什么？

- 最高法院

39. How many justices are on the Supreme Court?

- Visit uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates for the number of justices on the Supreme Court.

39. 最高法院有多少名法官？

- 浏览 uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates 搜索美国最高法院的法官人数。

40. Who is the Chief Justice of the United States now?

- Visit uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates for the name of the Chief Justice of the United States.

40. 谁是美国现任首席大法官？

- 浏览 uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates 搜索美国最高法院首席法官的姓名。

41. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the federal government. What is one power of the federal government?

- To print money
- To declare war
- To create an army
- To make treaties

41. 根据我们的宪法，一切权力属于联邦政府。联邦政府的一个权利是什么？

- 印刷钞票
- 宣战
- 建立军队
- 制定条约

42. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the states. What is one power of the states?

- Provide schooling and education
- Provide protection (police)
- Provide safety (fire departments)
- Give a driver's license
- Approve zoning and land use

42. 根据我们的宪法，一些权利属于州政府。州政府的权力范围是什么？

- 提供学校与国民教育
- 提供人民保护（警政部门）
- 提供居住安全（消防部门）
- 提供驾驶执照
- 批准分区和土地使用

43. Who is the Governor of your state now?

- Answers will vary. [District of Columbia residents should answer that D.C. does not have a Governor.]

Visit uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates to find the Governor of your state.

43. 谁是您所在州的现任州长？

- 答案会有异。[美国哥伦比亚特区居民应该回答华盛顿特区无州长。]

44. What is the capital of your state?*

- Answers will vary. [District of Columbia residents should answer that D.C. is not a state and does not have a capital. Residents of U.S. territories should name the capital of the territory.]

44. 您所在州的首府是什么？*

- 答案会有异。[美国哥伦比亚特区居民应该回答华盛顿特区不是一个州而且无州首府。美国领土居民应该命名该领土的首府。]

45. What are the two major political parties in the United States?*

- Democratic and Republican

45. 美国的两个主要政党是什么？*

- 民主党和共和党

46. What is the political party of the President now?

- Visit uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates for the political party of the President.

46. 现任总统的政党是什么？

- 浏览 uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates 搜索总统的政党。

47. What is the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives now?

- Visit uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates for the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

47. 现任众议院议长的名字是什么？

- 浏览 uscis.gov/citizenship/testupdates 搜索众议院议长的姓名。

C: Rights and Responsibilities C: 权利与义务

48. There are four amendments to the Constitution about who can vote. Describe one of them.

- Citizens eighteen (18) and older (can vote).
- You don't have to pay (a poll tax) to vote.
- Any citizen can vote. (Women and men can vote.)
- A male citizen of any race (can vote).

48. 「宪法」有四个关于谁可以投票的修正案。描述其中一个。

- 十八（18）岁及以上的公民（可以投票）。
- 您无需支付（人头税）投票。
- 任何公民可以投票。（女性和男性可投票。）
- 任何种族的男性公民（可投票）。

49. What is one responsibility that is only for United States citizens?*

- Serve on a jury
- Vote in a federal election

49. 只有美国公民才有的一个责任是?*

- 担任陪审员
- 联邦选举投票

50. Name one right only for United States citizens.

- Vote in a federal election
- Run for federal office

50. 说出只有美国公民才有的一个权利。

- 联邦选举投票
- 参选联邦政府

51. What are two rights of everyone living in the United States?

- Freedom of expression
- Freedom of speech
- Freedom of assembly
- Freedom to petition the government
- Freedom of religion
- The right to bear arms

51. 住在美国的任何人都有的两个权利是什么？

- 表达的自由
- 言论的自由
- 集会的自由
- 向政府请愿的自由
- 宗教的自由
- 携带武器的自由

52. What do we show loyalty to when we say the Pledge of Allegiance?

- The United States
- The flag

52. 当念效忠誓词的时候，我们向什么表示忠诚？

- 美国
- 国旗

53. What is one promise you make when you become a United States citizen?

- Give up loyalty to other countries
- Defend the Constitution and laws of the United States
- Obey the laws of the United States
- Serve in the U.S. military (if needed)
- Serve (do important work for) the nation (if needed)
- Be loyal to the United States

53. 当你成为美国公民是，您要做出的一个承诺是什么？

- 放弃对他国的忠诚
- 捍卫宪法和美国法律
- 遵守美国法律
- 服务美国军队 (必要时)
- (必要时)为国家服务 (从事重要工作)
- 效忠于美国

54. How old do citizens have to be to vote for President?*

- Eighteen (18) and older

54. 公民在何年龄可竞选总统*

- 十八岁 (18) 或以上

55. What are two ways that Americans can participate in their democracy?

- Vote
- Join a political party
- Help with a campaign
- Join a civic group
- Join a community group
- Give an elected official your opinion on an issue
- Call Senators and Representatives
- Publicly support or oppose an issue or policy
- Run for office
- Write to a newspaper

55. 美国人参与民主的两个方式是什么？

- 选举
- 参加政党
- 帮忙竞选
- 参加公民团体
- 参加社区团体

- 就某问题向上任官员提出意见
- 致电参议员和代表
- 公开支持或反对一个问题或政策
- 从政
- 向报刊投稿

56. When is the last day you can send in federal income tax forms?*

- April 15

56. 送出联邦收入报税表的截止日是何时*

- 4月15日

57. When must all men register for the Selective Service?

- At age eighteen (18)
- Between eighteen (18) and twenty-six (26)

57. 男性何时必须到选征兵局注册?

- 十八岁时 (18)
- 十八岁 (18) 至二十六岁 (26) 之间

American History Colonial Period and Independence

美国历史 殖民和独立

58. What is one reason colonists came to America?

- Freedom
- Political liberty
- Religious freedom
- Economic opportunity
- Practice their religion
- Escape persecution

58. 殖民者来美国的一个原因是什么?

- 人身自由
- 政治自由
- 宗教自由
- 经济机遇
- 参与宗教活动
- 逃避受逼害人

59. Who lived in America before the Europeans arrived?

- American Indians
- Native Americans

59. 在欧洲殖民到来之前，何族裔栖于美国？

- 美洲印第安人
- 土著美洲人

60. What group of people was taken to America and sold as slaves?

- Africans
- People from Africa

60. 什么人群被带到美国被贩卖为奴？

- 非洲人
- 来自非洲的人

61. Why did the colonists fight the British?

- Because of high taxes (taxation without representation)
- Because the British army stayed in their houses (boarding, quartering)
- Because they didn't have self-government

61. 殖民者为何要与不列颠英人开战？

- 因为高昂的税收（税收无代表性）
- 因为英军居于他们舍内（住宿、驻兵）
- 因为他们没有自治政府

62. Who wrote the Declaration of Independence?

- (Thomas) Jefferson

62. 谁起草了独立宣言？

- (托马斯) 杰斐逊 (Thomas) Jefferson

63. When was the Declaration of Independence adopted?

- July 4, 1776

63. 独立宣言何时被采用？

- 1776年7月4日

64. There were 13 original states. Name three.

- New Hampshire
- Massachusetts
- Rhode Island
- Connecticut
- New York
- New Jersey
- Pennsylvania
- Delaware
- Maryland
- Virginia
- North Carolina
- South Carolina
- Georgia

64. 最初的州有十三个。说出三个。

- 新罕布什尔州
- 马萨诸塞州
- 罗得岛州
- 康涅狄格州
- 纽约州
- 新泽西州
- 宾夕法尼亚州
- 特拉华州
- 马里兰州
- 维珍尼亚州
- 北卡罗莱纳州
- 南卡罗莱纳州
- 佐治亚州

65. What happened at the Constitutional Convention?

- The Constitution was written.
- The Founding Fathers wrote the Constitution.

65. 制宪会议上发生了什么大事?

- 撰写了宪法。
- 开国先贤拟定宪法。

66. When was the Constitution written?

- 1787

66. 宪法是何时拟定的?

- 1787年

67. The Federalist Papers supported the passage of the U.S. Constitution. Name one of the writers.

- (James) Madison
- (Alexander) Hamilton
- (John) Jay
- Publius

67.“联邦党人文集”支持通过美国宪法。说出其中一位作者。

- (詹姆斯) 麦迪逊 (James) Madison
- (亚历山大) 汉密尔顿 (Alexander) Hamilton
- (约翰) 杰伊 (John) Jay
- 普布利乌斯 Publius

68. What is one thing Benjamin Franklin is famous for?

- U.S. diplomat
- Oldest member of the Constitutional Convention
- First Postmaster General of the United States
- Writer of “Poor Richard’s Almanac”
- Started the first free libraries

68. 本杰明法兰克福因为什么而出名的?

- 美国外交官
- 制宪会议最年长成员
- 美国首位邮政局长
- “穷理查年鉴”的作者
- 首创免费图书馆

69. Who is the “Father of Our Country”?

- (George) Washington

69. 谁是「国父」?

- (乔治) 华盛顿 (George) Washington

70. Who was the first President?*

- (George) Washington

70. 谁是第一任总统?*

- (乔治) 华盛顿 (George) Washington

American History

1800s

美國歷史
1800 年代

71. What territory did the United States buy from France in 1803?

- The Louisiana Territory
- Louisiana

71. 1803年美国从法国那里购买了哪块领土?

- 路易斯安那领土
- 路易斯安那

72. Name one war fought by the United States in the 1800s.

- War of 1812
- Mexican-American War
- Civil War
- Spanish-American War

72. 说出美国在十九世纪打过的一场战争。

- 1812年战争
- 美国与墨西哥战争
- 美国内战
- 美西战争

73. Name the U.S. war between the North and the South.

- The Civil War
- The War between the States

73. 说出美国南北方之间的战争。

- 美国内战
- 州间战争

74. Name one problem that led to the Civil War.

- Slavery
- Economic reasons
- States' rights

74. 说出导致内战的一个原因。

- 奴隶制
- 经济原因
- 州的权利

75. What was one important thing that Abraham Lincoln did?*

- Freed the slaves (Emancipation Proclamation)
- Saved (or preserved) the Union
- Led the United States during the Civil War

75. 亚伯拉罕林肯做出的一个重要事情是?*

- 解放奴隶 (废奴宣言)
- 解救 (或保存了) 盟军
- 在内战中领导了美国

76. What did the Emancipation Proclamation do?

- Freed the slaves
- Freed slaves in the Confederacy
- Freed slaves in the Confederate states
- Freed slaves in most Southern states

76. “废奴宣言” 导致了什么?

- 解放奴隶
- 解放了南部邦联的奴隶
- 解放了南部邦联州的奴隶
- 解放了南部州的奴隶

77. What did Susan B. Anthony do?

- Fought for women's rights
- Fought for civil rights

77. 苏珊B安东尼 (Susan B. Anthony) 做了什么?

- 争取妇女权利
- 争取民权

American History
Recent American History and Other Important Historical Information

美國歷史
美國近代史與其他重要的歷史資料

78. Name one war fought by the United States in the 1900s.*

- World War I
- World War II
- Korean War
- Vietnam War
- (Persian) Gulf War

78. 说出美国在二十世纪打过的一场战争。*

- 一战
- 二战
- 朝鲜战争
- 越战
- (波斯) 湾战争

79. Who was President during World War I?

- (Woodrow) Wilson

79. 一战期间的总统是谁?

- (伍德罗) 威尔逊 (Woodrow) Wilson

80. Who was President during the Great Depression and World War II?

- (Franklin) Roosevelt

80. 经济大萧条和二战期间谁是总统?

- (富兰克林) 罗斯福 (Franklin) Roosevelt

81. Who did the United States fight in World War II?

- Japan, Germany, and Italy

81. 二战期间美国跟谁打仗?

- 日本、德国和意大利

82. Before he was President, Eisenhower was a general. What war was he in?

- World War II

82. 在当总统前，艾森豪威尔 (Eisenhower) 是一名将军。他参加过哪个战争?

- 二战

83. During the Cold War, what was the main concern of the United States?

- Communism

83. 冷战期间，美国的一个重要担忧是什么？

- 共产主义

84. What movement tried to end racial discrimination?

- Civil rights (movement)

84. 什么运动试图终止种族歧视？

- 民权（运动）

85. What did Martin Luther King, Jr. do?*

- Fought for civil rights
- Worked for equality for all Americans

85. 马丁路德金（Martin Luther King, Jr.）做了什么事情？*

- 争取民权
- 为全美平等而努力

86. What major event happened on September 11, 2001, in the United States?

- Terrorists attacked the United States.

86. 2001年9月11日，美国国土上发生了什么重大事件？

- 恐怖分子袭击了美国

87. Name one American Indian tribe in the United States.

[USCIS Officers will be supplied with a list of federally recognized American Indian tribes.]

- Cherokee ▪ Navajo ▪ Sioux ▪ Chippewa ▪ Choctaw ▪ Pueblo ▪ Apache ▪ Iroquois ▪ Creek
- Blackfeet ▪ Seminole ▪ Cheyenne ▪ Arawak ▪ Shawnee ▪ Mohegan ▪ Huron ▪ Oneida
- Lakota ▪ Crow ▪ Teton ▪ Hopi ▪ Inuit

87. 说出美国美洲印第安部落中的一支。[移民官会提供一个联邦认可的美洲印第安部落的列表。]

- 切诺基 ▪ 纳瓦霍 ▪ 苏族 ▪ 奇普瓦 ▪ 巧克陶 ▪ 普埃夫洛 ▪ 阿帕切 ▪ 易洛魁 ▪ 克里克 ▪ 黑脚族
- 塞米诺尔 ▪ 夏安 ▪ 阿拉瓦克 ▪ 肖尼 ▪ 莫西根 ▪ 休伦 ▪ 鄂乃德 ▪ 拉科塔 ▪ 乌鸦 ▪ 蒂顿 ▪ 霍平 ▪ 因纽特

Integrated Civics Geography

綜合公民（歸化試題） 地理

88. Name one of the two longest rivers in the United States.

- Missouri (River)
- Mississippi (River)

88. 说出美国最长的两条河流中的一条。

- 密苏里 (河)
- 密西西比 (河)

89. What ocean is on the West Coast of the United States?

- Pacific (Ocean)

89. 美国西岸的大洋是哪个?

- 太平洋

90. What ocean is on the East Coast of the United States?

- Atlantic (Ocean)

90. 美国东岸的大洋是哪个?

- 大西洋

91. Name one U.S. territory.

- Puerto Rico
- U.S. Virgin Islands
- American Samoa
- Northern Mariana Islands
- Guam

91. 说出一个美国领土。

- 波多黎各 (Puerto Rico)
- 美属维尔京群岛 (U.S. Virgin Islands)
- 美属萨摩亚 (American Samoa)
- 北马里亚纳群岛 (Northern Mariana Islands)
- 关岛 (Guam)

92. Name one state that borders Canada.

- Maine
- New Hampshire
- Vermont
- New York
- Pennsylvania
- Ohio
- Michigan
- Minnesota
- North Dakota
- Montana
- Idaho
- Washington
- Alaska

92. 说出与加拿大交界的一个州。

- 缅因州
- 新汉普希尔州
- 弗蒙特州
- 纽约州
- 宾夕法尼亚州
- 俄亥俄州
- 密西根州
- 明尼苏达州
- 北达科他州
- 蒙大拿州
- 爱达荷州
- 华盛顿
- 阿拉斯加州

93. Name one state that borders Mexico.

- California
- Arizona
- New Mexico
- Texas

93. 说出与墨西哥交界的一个州。

- 加利福尼亚州
- 亚利桑那州
- 新墨西哥州
- 得克萨斯州

94. What is the capital of the United States?*

- Washington, D.C.

94. 美国的首都在哪?*

- 华盛顿特区 (Washington, D.C.)

95. Where is the Statue of Liberty?*

- New York (Harbor)
- Liberty Island

[Also acceptable are New Jersey, near New York City, and on the Hudson (River).]

95. 自由女神像在哪?*

- 纽约 (港)
- 自由岛

[新泽西, 纽约市附近, 或哈得孙河上, 答案都可以接受。]

Integrated Civics Symbols

綜合公民（歸化試題） 標誌

96. Why does the flag have 13 stripes?

- Because there were 13 original colonies
- Because the stripes represent the original colonies

96. 为什么国旗上有十三条杠?

- 因为最初有十三个殖民地
- 因为杠代表最初的殖民地

97. Why does the flag have 50 stars?*

- Because there is one star for each state
- Because each star represents a state
- Because there are 50 states

97. 为什么国旗上有五十颗星?*

- 因为一颗星一个州
- 因为每一颗星代表一个州
- 因为有五十个州

98. What is the name of the national anthem?

- The Star-Spangled Banner

98. 国歌的名字是什么?

- “星条旗之歌”

Integrated Civics Holidays

綜合公民（歸化試題） 國定假日

99. When do we celebrate Independence Day?*

- July 4

99. 我们何时庆祝独立日?*

- 7月4日

100. Name two national U.S. holidays.

- New Year's Day
- Martin Luther King, Jr. Day
- Presidents' Day
- Memorial Day
- Independence Day
- Labor Day
- Columbus Day
- Veterans Day
- Thanksgiving
- Christmas

100. 说出两个美国全国节日。

- 新年
- 马丁路德金节 节日
- 总统诞
- 亡兵纪念日
- 独立日
- 劳动节
- 哥伦布日
- 退伍军人节
- 感恩节
- 圣诞节

